Life in the Virginia Colony
Culture of Colonial Virginia

• The culture of colonial Virginia reflected beliefs, customs, and architecture of Europeans, Africans, and American Indians living in those areas.

• Although a colony of England, Virginia developed a unique culture different from that of England.

• Culture – the shared beliefs, customs, and values of a group.
Culture of Colonial Virginia

- Whenever people settle in an area, they change the landscape to reflect the beliefs, customs, and architecture of their culture. Examples of architecture that reflect different cultures include:
  - Barns
  - Homes
  - Places of worship (churches)
Culture of Colonial Virginia

• Although it was a colony of England, Virginia developed a unique culture different from that of England.

• Place names reflecting culture:
  – Richmond – English
  – Roanoke – American Indian
Cultural Groups and Where They Settled

• The English and other Europeans settled primarily in the Coastal Plain (Tidewater) and Piedmont regions. They established many successful plantations in these areas.

• The Germans and Scotch-Irish settled primarily in the Shenandoah Valley (Valley and Ridge region). This was along the migration route to unsettled territory. They hoped to establish new settlements.

• Migrate – to move from one region or country to another.
Cultural Groups and Where They Settled

- Africans were primarily in the Tidewater and Piedmont regions, where tobacco required a great deal of labor.
- Prior to the arrival of the settlers, American Indians lived throughout Virginia. After the settlers arrived, most were forced inland.
- Migration and living in new areas caused people to adapt old customs to their new environment.
- The culture of Virginia reflected American Indian, African, and European origins.
The Movement of Virginia’s Capital

• A variety of factors explain the reasons for moving Virginia’s capital.
Why Move the Capital from Jamestown to Williamsburg?

- The drinking water was contaminated (spoiled) by the salt water.
- The unhealthy living conditions caused diseases.
- A fire destroyed many wooden and brick buildings at Jamestown.
Why Move the Capital From Williamsburg to Richmond?

• The population was moving westward.
• Richmond was a more central location.
• Moving to Richmond increased the distance from any possible attack from the British.
• * Important - England became “Great Britain” in the early 1700s.
Everyday Life in Colonial Virginia

- Resources were used in colonial Virginia to produce the goods and services that people needed.
Everyday Life in Colonial Virginia

• People living in colonial Virginia depended on natural, human, and capital resources to produce the goods and services they needed.
Food in Colonial Virginia

- Food choices were limited.
- Meals were made of local produce and meats.
Housing in Colonial Virginia

- Most people lived in one-room homes with dirt floors.
- Some people (farmers) lived in large houses.
Clothing in Colonial Virginia

- Households made their own clothes.
- Most clothing was made from cotton, wool, and leather.
Life in the Virginia Colony

- Most white Virginians made their living from the land as small farmers. A few owned large farms (plantations).
- Most enslaved African Americans worked with tobacco, crops, and livestock. Enslaved Africans had no rights.
- Many free African Americans owned their own business and property, but were denied most rights.