

REVIEW FOR RADICALS TEST NAME: _____

SECTION 1: Inverses

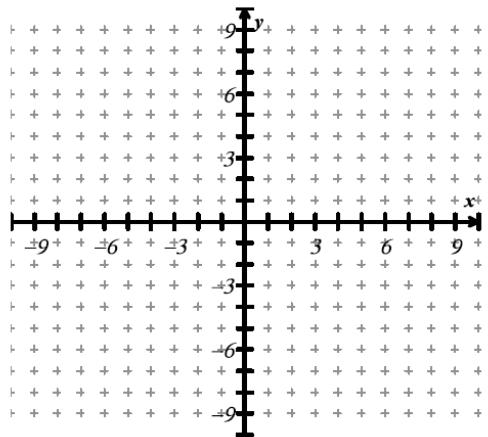
Find the inverse function

1. $y = 2x + 4$	2. $f(x) = -\frac{2}{3}x + 5$
3. $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 5$	4. $y = (x + 4)^3 - 2$

Verify the inverses.

5. $f(x) = x^2$	$g(x) = \sqrt{x}$	6. $f(x) = 2x - 8$	$g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$
7. $f(x) = (x - 5)^3$	$g(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + 5$	8. $f(x) = 3x^2 + 4$	$g(x) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{4}{3}}$

9. Graph the inverse on the same graph.



10. Does the table represent a function?

11. Find the inverse. Is the inverse a function?

SECTION 2: Domain of Radical Functions

Find the domain of each function.

1. $f(x) = x^2 + 4$

2. $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

3. $f(x) = \sqrt{x-1} + 4$

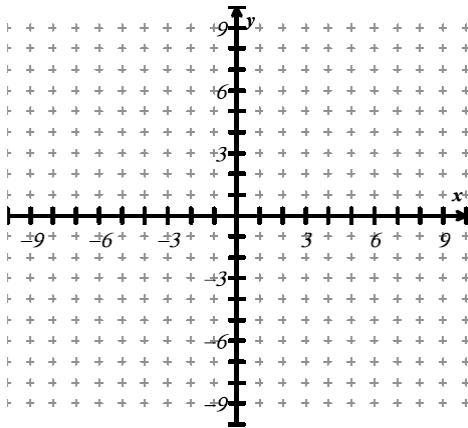
4. $f(x) = \sqrt{2x-3}$

5. $f(x) = (5x-3)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

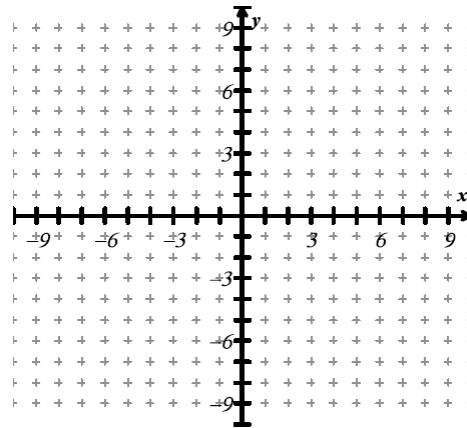
6. $f(x) = x^{\frac{1}{3}}$

SECTION 3: Graphing Radical Functions

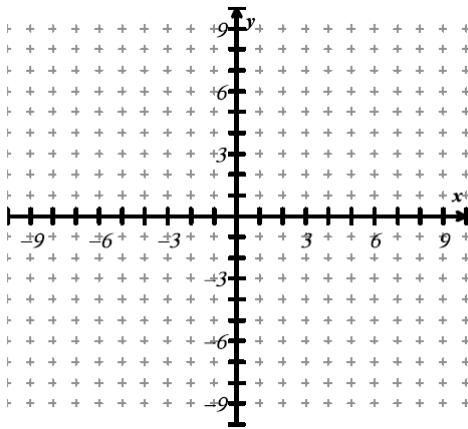
1. $f(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$



2. $f(x) = 2\sqrt{x} + 4$



3. $f(x) = -3\sqrt{x+5} + 4$



4. Key Features of Graph #3.

Initial Point (h, k): _____

x-intercept: _____

y-intercept: _____

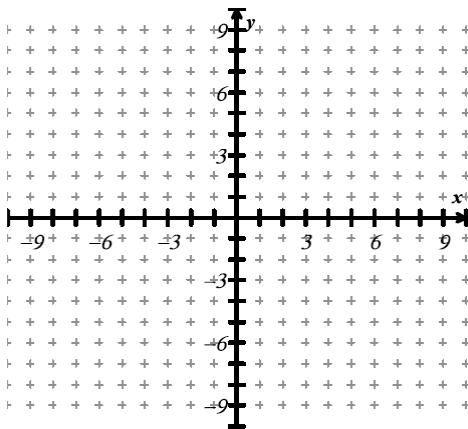
Domain: _____

Range: _____

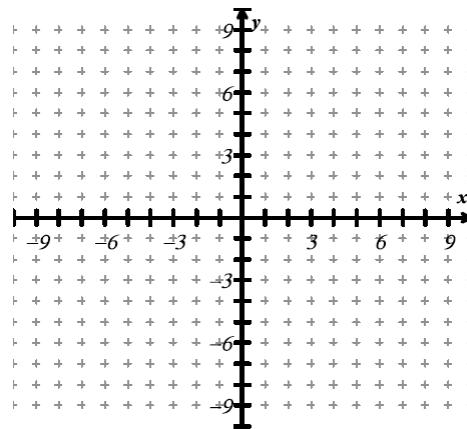
Increasing: _____

Decreasing: _____

5. $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+1} + 2$



6. $f(x) = -2\sqrt[3]{x} + 3$



SECTION 4: Simplifying Radicals

Convert the radical form to exponential form and vice versa.

1. $x^{1/9} =$

2. $\sqrt{x^6} =$

3. $x^{2/3} =$

Convert and evaluate.

7. $81^{1/4}$

8. $(-64)^{2/3}$

9. $196^{1/2}$

10. $125^{-2/3}$

11. $-32^{2/5}$

12. $\left(\frac{121}{4}\right)^{-1/2}$

Simplify the nth roots.

13. $\sqrt{-50}$

14. $\sqrt[3]{-128}$

15. $\sqrt[4]{64}$

16. $\left(\sqrt[5]{-64}\right)^2$

17. $\sqrt[3]{108}$

18. $\sqrt[3]{135}$

Simplify the nth roots (with variables).

19. $\sqrt[3]{108x^7y^{10}}$

20. $\sqrt[4]{48x^7y^{13}}$

21. $\sqrt[3]{-8a^6b^7} \cdot \sqrt[3]{7a^2b^{14}}$

SECTION 5: Operations with Nth Roots

Multiply/Divide.

1. $\sqrt[4]{2} \cdot \sqrt[4]{5}$

2. $\sqrt[5]{\frac{-128}{4}}$

3. $2\sqrt[3]{6x^2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{4x^5}$

4. $\frac{\sqrt[3]{-256}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}$

5. $10\sqrt[5]{8} \cdot 3\sqrt[5]{-8}$

6. $\frac{\sqrt{84x^5y^3}}{\sqrt{7}}$

Add/Subtract.

7. $4\sqrt[3]{10} + 2\sqrt[3]{10}$

8. $2\sqrt{7} + 5\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{7}$

9. $\sqrt[3]{5} - 19\sqrt[3]{5}$

10. $\sqrt[3]{128} - \sqrt[3]{250}$

11. $5a\sqrt[4]{32a^5} - \sqrt[4]{2a^9}$

12. $5\sqrt[4]{20} - 5\sqrt[4]{45} + \sqrt[4]{125}$

SECTION 6: Rationalize the Denominator

Rationalize the denominator.

$$1. \frac{7}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$2. \frac{-2}{5\sqrt{3}}$$

$$3. \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{6}}$$

$$4. \frac{3}{\sqrt[5]{2}}$$

$$5. \frac{10}{\sqrt[4]{5^2}}$$

$$6. \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{4^2}}$$

$$7. \frac{1}{9-\sqrt{2}}$$

Review – simplify the exponents!

$$9. \left(x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)\left(x^{\frac{4}{5}}\right)$$

$$10. \frac{x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x^{\frac{3}{5}}}$$

$$11. \left(x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{6}{7}}$$

SECTION 7: Solve Power Equations

5. $5x^4 = 405$

6. $\frac{-1}{8}x^3 = 2$

7. $2x^2 + 12 = -150$

8. $(x + 1)^5 = 30$

9. $(x - 2)^3 + 13 = -112$

10. $2(x - 2)^2 - 7 = -107$

11. $\frac{1}{5}(x - 1)^4 + 5 = 130$

12. $-\frac{3}{4}x^5 = 96$

SECTION 8: Solve Radical Equations

1. $\sqrt{6x+1} + 10 = 17$

2. $2\sqrt[3]{x-5} + 15 = 5$

3. $3\sqrt{x} = \sqrt{5x+27}$

4. $x^{\frac{1}{3}} = 16$

5. $\sqrt{3x^2 - 2} - 1 = 3$

6. $\sqrt{\frac{x}{3}} + 11 = 13$

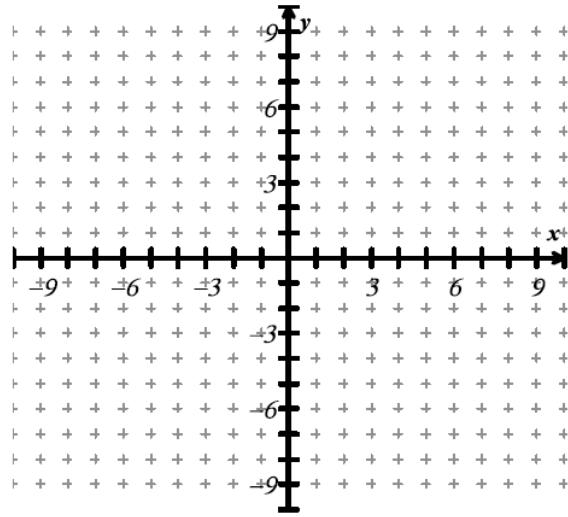
7. $\sqrt[4]{4x-17} = \sqrt[4]{3x+3}$

8. $-2(x-4)^{1/2} = -5$

9. $\sqrt{21x+1} = x+5$

10. $\sqrt{7x+15} = x+1$

<p>1. Simplify Nth Roots</p> <p>a) Convert:</p> <p>b) Evaluate:</p> <p>c) Simplify:</p> <p>d) Simplify with variables:</p>	<p>2. Operations with Nth Roots</p> <p>a) Multiply/Divide:</p> <p>b) Add/Subtract:</p> <p>c) Rational Exponent Properties</p>
<p>3. Rationalize Nth Roots:</p> <p>a) Monomial Denominator</p>	<p>b) Binomial Denominator</p>
<p>4. Solve Power Equations</p> <p>a) Isolate the power.</p> <p>b) nth root both sides.</p> <p>c) Even roots need \pm. Odd roots do not need \pm.</p>	<p>5. Solve Radical Equations</p> <p>a) Isolate the radical.</p> <p>b) Raise both sides to the nth power.</p>

6. Domain**7. Graphing Square Root Functions****8. Inverses****9. Graphing Cube Root Functions**