WH&G I Agenda 2017 Mon. 1/9 & Tues. 1/10

**Greece Part 2**

**END OF UNIT OBJECTIVES:**

1. Evaluating the significance of the Persian and Peloponnesian wars.
2. Characterizing life in Athens during the Golden Age of Pericles.
3. Citing contributions in drama, poetry, history, sculpture, architecture, science, mathematics, and philosophy, with emphasis on Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle.
4. Explaining the conquest of Greece by Macedonia and the formation and spread of Hellenistic culture by Alexander the Great.

**DAILY OBJECTIVES:**

**We will:**

* Describe Greece’s Golden Age.
* Differentiate between the Greek columns: Doric, Ionic, and Corinthian.
* Take notes about the different Greeks who made an impact on today’s world.

**CLOSURE - By the end of today I will be able to:**

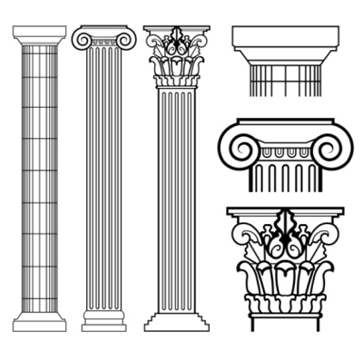
* Examine Pericles’ role in leading Athens into the Golden Age.

**WHAT ARE WE DOING TODAY? ☺:**

1. WARM UP
2. PASS BACK TESTS
3. GOLDEN AGE NOTES
4. IMPORTANT GREEKS
5. CLOSURE

**HOMEWORK**

* **Greece Part 1 Remediation due Jan. 18 (A) and Jan. 19 (B)**



**Greece Part 2 Calendar**

**1/5 & 1/6: Persia/Greece Test**

1/9 & 1/10: Golden Age of Athens

1/11 & 1/12: Important Greeks

1/13 & 1/17: Alexander the Great

**1/18 & 1/19: Greece Part 2 Test**

**WARM UP ☺**

**WORD BANK: Myceneans Dorians Minoans**

1. Who moved into the Greek world and reigned for about 400 years and left no written record?
2. This group of people once lived on the island of Crete, dominating trade in the Mediterranean before the Greeks.
3. This group dominated the Mediterranean after the Minoans and before the Dark Ages of Greece.
4. All of the following are true of the Persians EXCEPT:
   1. they were tolerant of conquered people
   2. they used battering rams, archers, and iron tipped spears to attack cities
   3. they constructed the 1,500 mile long Royal Road
   4. they developed an imperial bureaucracy
5. Judging from the map, what conclusions can you draw about the economy of ancient Greece?
   1. It probably relied heavily on fishing and trade
   2. It probably relied on agriculture
   3. It probably relied on its colonies
   4. All of the above are true
6. Both the Minoan and Mycenaean civilizations
   1. focused on overland trade
   2. influenced later Greek civilization
   3. lacked a written language
   4. were warlike peoples

**CLOSURE**

**How did Pericles extend democracy?**

**How did Pericles glorify Athens?**